

Operadic categories

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Hefei, 9.11.2018

like (aka operadic)

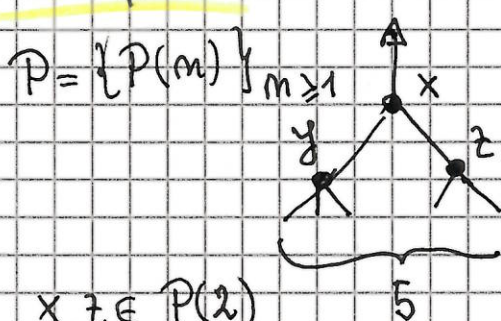
Goal. Build a theory of operad structures that will be

- (1) general enough to cover all known examples, meaning-
- (2) offer unifying approach to bar constructions, Koszulity, resolutions, &c.
- (3) give systematic approach to s.h. versions

1 Approach based on pasting schemes. I introduced in 2008, later taken up by Borisov, Manin, Kaufman (\Rightarrow Feynman cat.)

Pasting schemes: graphs of certain types that are hereditary = by contracting subgraph get graph of same type. = Directed

Examples: classical operads. PS = rooted trees



"paste"



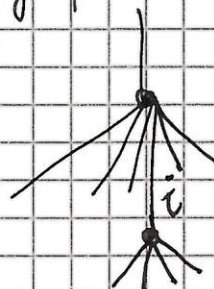
element of $P(5)$

$$(x \circ_2 z) \circ_{1,y} = (x \circ_{1,y}) \circ_{4,z}$$

$x, z \in P(2)$
 $y \in P(3)$

elementary pasting scheme:

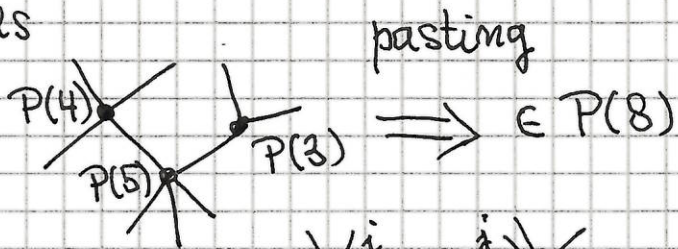
one edge



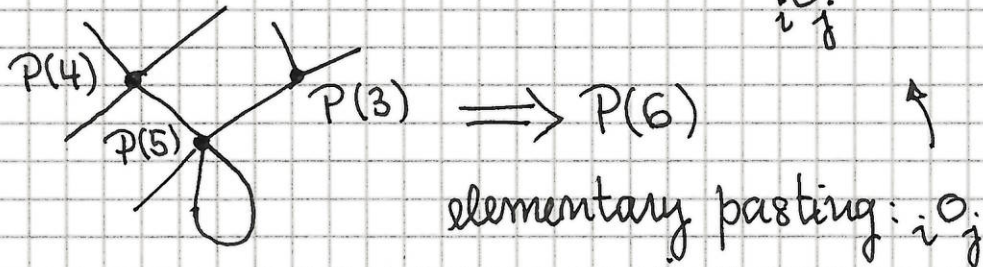
$\Rightarrow o_i$ operation

full contraction is iteration of

Cyclic operads: unrooted trees

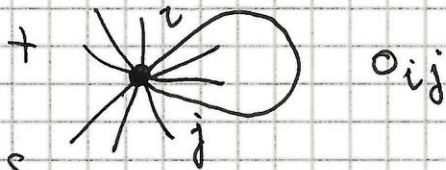


Modular operads: PG are graphs

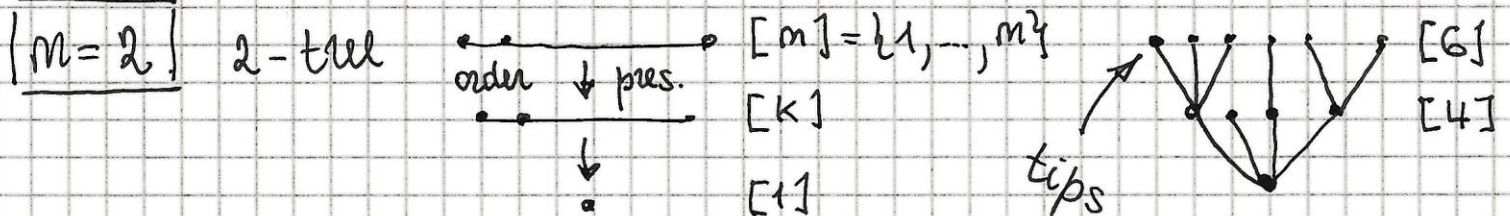


Likewise

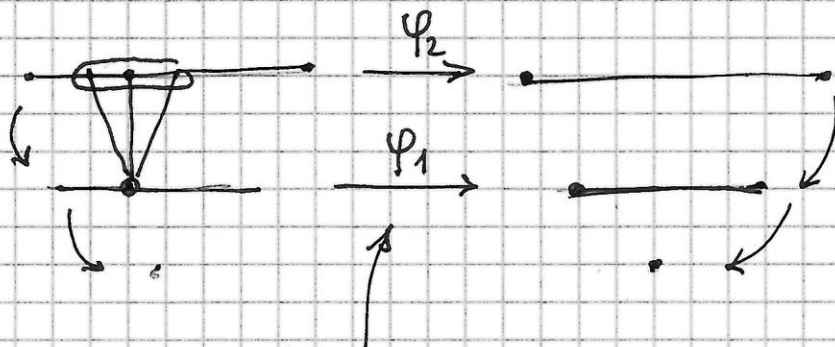
Directed graphs \Rightarrow PROPs
 connected directed \Rightarrow properads
 etc.



Examples that do not fit: Batanin's n -trees, $n \geq 1$.



morphisms



not necessarily order-preserving
 but $\varphi_2 \sim$ on primages

Therefore 1-operads = mon-Σ-operads.

Other examples without obvious pasting schemes:
one acting on dg-categories; properads, Keray's --

Operadic category (BM + MM 2015) = category \mathcal{O} +
functor $| - | : \mathcal{O} \rightarrow \text{Fin}$, + not inverse

-) $\forall f: S \rightarrow T$ & $i \in |T|$ fiber $f^{-1}(i)$
 -) choice of local terminal objects $U_c; c \in \mathcal{O}_0(\mathcal{O})$
- + some axioms.

Examples: Fin w/ $|T| = \text{tips}$, Δ with $| - | : \Delta \hookrightarrow \text{Fin}$
 Fin itself w/ $| - | = \text{id}$ & $f^{-1}(i) = \text{"real" preimage}$

Definition: \mathcal{O} -operad $\mathcal{A} = \{A(T)\}_{T \in \mathcal{O}}$ + structure operations

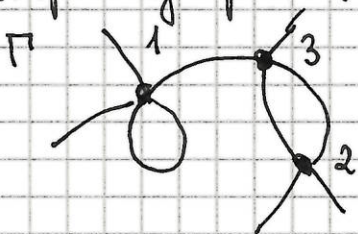
$$\mu_f: A(T) \otimes \bigotimes_{i \in |T|} A(f^{-1}(i)) \rightarrow A(S), \forall f: S \rightarrow T$$

+ associativity + unitality involving U_c 's

Examples: We saw Fin , Δ in particular. Fin-operads are
ordinary ones local terminal = terminal ($\mathcal{O}_0(\) = *$)

for Fin \vdots } m levels; for Δ & Fin [1]. In all cases $\mathcal{O}_0(\mathcal{O}) = *$

Example: graphs (modulo subtleties) \mathcal{G} , cardinality

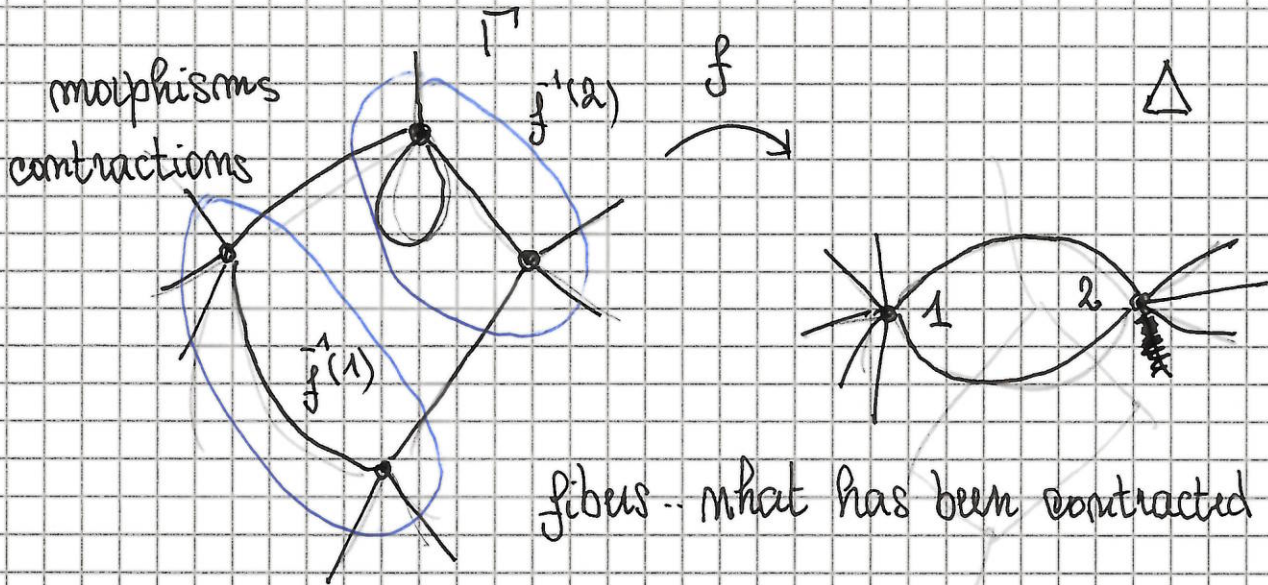


Γ has vertices $|\Gamma| = \{1, 2, 3\}$

Γ has legs

Γ has edges

(5)



$f^{-1}(1) = \text{---} \leftarrow \leftarrow$, $f^{-1}(2) = \text{---} \leftarrow \leftarrow$ \mathcal{O}_f is operadic category
structure map corresponding to f ; $\mathcal{U} = \{\mathcal{U}(\Gamma)\}_{\Gamma \in \mathcal{O}_f}$

$$\mathcal{U}(\Delta) \otimes \mathcal{U}(f^{-1}(1)) \otimes \mathcal{U}(f^{-1}(2)) \longrightarrow \mathcal{U}(\Gamma)$$

\mathcal{O}_f -operads = hyperoperads à la Getzler-Kapranov

In defining algebras over operads.

Definition. For $T \in \mathcal{O}$ define

$$\text{target } t(T) := [T] \in \sigma_0(\mathcal{O}), s(T) := \{[\mathbb{1}_T^{-1}(i)] \in \sigma_0(\mathcal{O}); i \in |T|\}$$

Definition P be operad in \mathcal{O} . P -algebra X is collection

$$X = \{X_c; c \in \sigma_0(\mathcal{O})\} + \text{structure operations}$$

$$d_T: P(T) \longrightarrow \text{Hom}\left(\bigotimes_{c \in s(T)} X_c, X_{t(T)}\right) =: \text{End}_X(T)$$

+ some axioms.

Example (Dull) $\mathcal{O} = \mathbb{A}$, remember \mathbb{A} -operads = mon- \sum ones

$\mathcal{O}_0(\Delta) = \{*\}$, represented by $[1]$, $X = \{X_*\}$; just X

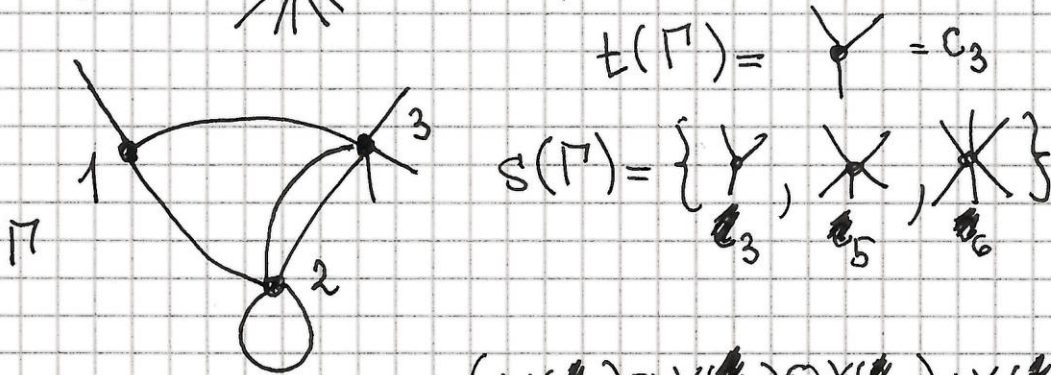
$\mathcal{S}([m]) = \{*\dots*\}$; $t([m]) = *$
 $\underbrace{\hspace{2cm}}_{m \text{ times}}$

$\alpha_{[m]}: \mathcal{P}(m) \rightarrow \text{Hom}(\otimes^m X, X) = \text{End}_X(m)$

\Rightarrow P-algebras just ordinary algebras.

Example $\mathcal{O} = \mathcal{G}_\mathbb{R}$, $\mathcal{O}_0(\mathcal{G}_\mathbb{R}) = \{c_0, c_1, c_2, \dots\} \cong \mathbb{N}$

$c_m :=$  m corolla



$\alpha_\Gamma: \mathcal{U}(\Gamma) \rightarrow \text{Hom}(X(c_3) \otimes X(c_5) \otimes X(c_6); X(c_3))$

Theorem. \mathcal{U} is constant $\mathcal{G}_\mathbb{R}$ -operad; $\mathcal{U}(\Gamma) = \mathbb{K} \uparrow \Gamma$;

\Rightarrow \mathcal{U} -algebras are modular operads.

Hint: α_Γ determined by $\alpha_\Gamma(1)$, which is precisely "pasting X along Γ ". ▣

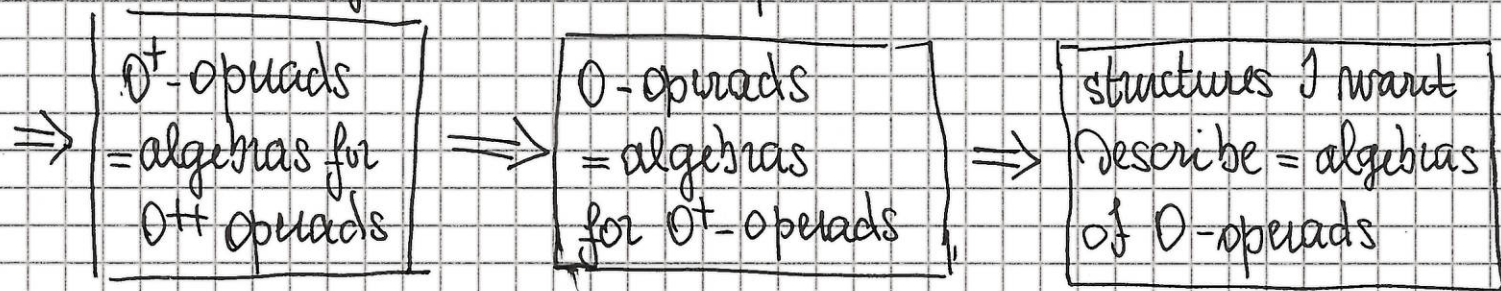
Basic feature of our theory: (1) Operad-like structures appear as algebras over an (generalized) operad in an operadic category \mathcal{O} .

NB. No operadic category s.t. modular operads are \mathcal{O} -operads.

Jacob ladder

(7)

(2) Operadic property: \mathcal{O} -operads are algebras over \mathcal{O}^+ -operads which are algebras over \mathcal{O}^{++} -operads &c.



Gain: ~~is~~ Operad-like structures appear as algebras, thus I may resolve, Define quadraticity, models, Koszulity, etc.

Example: \mathcal{M} -constant \mathcal{G}_r -operad so \mathcal{M} -algebras are modular operads, $\text{Min} \rightarrow \mathcal{M}$ minimal model \Rightarrow Min -algebras are sh modular operads.

$\mathcal{M}^! = \text{Odd}$; $\text{Min} = \Omega(\text{Odd})$; \mathcal{M} quadratic Koszul.

Other tools available, as ~~is~~ Grothendieck's construction, that creates new operadic categories from old ones.